

SALES OF REGISTERED SHEEP.

Caton Hill, Johnston, Ohio, to Stephen Haskins, Newark, Ohio, 1 ram.
 J. M. Parker, Middlebury, to E. S. Hammond, Reading, 3 ewes from his own flock, 1 from that of E. Rich and 1 from that of H. W. Jones.
 E. H. Lawrence, Fairfield Center, Me., to C. A. Fuller, Fairfield Center, 4 ewes.
 S. W. Jewett to Chubbino & Williamson, 2 rams.
 T. L. Kinney, to H. D. Allen, South Hero, 1 sheep from flock of A. H. Sperry.
 J. F. Prindle, Williamstown, Mass., to L. J. Burgess, Hootick, N. Y., 1 sheep.
 H. C. Burwell, Bridport, to T. F. & C. W. Gordon, Chasterville, O., 5 rams from his own flock, 1 from that of H. F. Hall, and 1 from that of A. W. Hinds.
 O. P. Moore, Middlebury, to W. H. Whitney, Me., 1 ram from flock of U. D. Twitchell, and 1 from that of C. A. Landers.
 O. Woodbury, Appleton, O., to Tyler Bros. Alexandria, O., 1 ewe from flock of Tyler Bros.
 U. D. Twitchell, Middlebury, to L. J. Samson, 2 ewes from flock of C. Pike; to J. W. Abernethy, 2 ewes from flock of C. Pike; to H. J. Wilcox, 3 ewes from flock of C. Pike; to L. L. Ellis, 1 ewe from flock of C. Pike.
 J. A. & L. J. Wright, Middlebury, to E. Amine, Marvillville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to David Turnbull, Cedarville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to D. Rinehart, Mt. Vernon, O., 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to Thos. Marshall, Hemlock, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to H. Weaver, Calhoun, O., 1 ram from flock of R. Lane; to D. R. Meleek, Brownville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to J. R. & N. W. Reid, Parrytown, O., 2 rams from flock of O. P. Lee; to Frank Shaw, Frazzysburg, O., 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to H. Parry & Son, Newark, O., 1 ram from flock of O. P. Lee; to James Walker, Commercial Point, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to W. Martin, Commercial Point, 1 ram from flock of O. P. Lee; to Amos Boyer, Pleasant Valley, O., 1 ram from flock of G. Webster; to William Vanech, Newark, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to J. T. Meholin, Chatham, O., 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to W. B. Kregger, Little Clayville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to E. M. Jones, Granville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to J. M. Wylie, Frazzysburg, 1 ram from flock of O. P. Lee; to Isaac Whitcraft, Quaker City, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne and 1 from that of C. A. Landers; to Millikin Bros., Johnstown, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to James Nolan, Frazzysburg, 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to M. Rowland, Cassville, O., 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne; to Jno. Tigner, Cambridge, O., 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to J. E. Sankay, Cambridge, 1 ram from flock of O. P. Lee; to J. W. Cole, Lower City, O., 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to Johnathan Rose, Quaker City, 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to Thos. Lapage, Cambridge, 1 ram from flock of O. P. Lee; to Robert Stewart, Londonderry, 1 ram from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to John Thomas, Brady, O., & R. V. Dougherty, 1 ram from flock of E. B. Jewett; to S. C. Barr, Cambridge, 1 ram from flock of J. A. Wright; to Johnathan Rose, Quaker City, 1-2 interest in 3 rams, viz. 2 from flock of O. P. Lee, and 1 from that of G. N. Payne; to G. L. Lanning, Odel, O., 2 rams from flock of J. O. Hamilton; to S. L. Blue, Homer, O., 1 ram from flock of J. A. Wright; to T. A. Fred, Belmont, O., 1 ewe from flock of L. S. Wright, and 2 from that of H. C. Sessions; to D. & W. Black, Cambridge, 2 ewes from flock of L. S. Wright, and 1 from that of B. W. Crane; to O. F. Brashear, Millerville, O., 1 ewe from flock of J. B. Hamblin; to W. S. Brashear, Millerville, O., 1 ewe from flock of H. C. Sessions, 1 from that of G. H. Grandy, 1 from that of O. S. Gibbs, 1 from that of C. Cudworth, and 1 from that of H. E. Wright.
 C. O. Cudworth, Richville, to T. J. Conklin, 6 rams.
 P. H. Garwood, W. Middlebury, O., to S. P. Kimball, Woodstock, O., 1 ram.
 G. R. Waite, to C. W. Mason, 1 sheep from flock of Mr. Forbes, 1 from that of R. W. Merritt, and 4 from his own flock; to James Delong, 2 sheep.
 A. M. Baldwin, to Treadway Bros., 1 ewe.
 J. A. & L. J. Wright, to C. Cameron & Son, 2 ewes from flock of H. C. Sessions, 1 from that of J. A. Wright, 1 from that of Mrs. Wm. Turner, 1 from that of H. C. Brown, 3 from that of R. N. & O. F. Atwood, 1 from that of L. S. Wright, 1 from that of H. E. Wright and 1 ram from flock of G. N. Payne.
 B. W. Thomas, Greenwich, O., to H. W. Townsend, New London, O., 3 ewes from flock of N. H. Hill, and 1 from that of J. O. Hamilton.
 Chester Pike, Cornish, N. H., to U. D. Twitchell, Middlebury, 38 ewes.
 E. K. Severance, Middlebury, to W. H. Madden, Butler, Ind., 1 ram and 3 ewes from the flocks of H. Robbins, M. M. Peck and L. W. Peet; to Herbert Crampton, Pleasant Lake, Ind., 1 ram from flock of A. H. Hubbard; to John Lee, Milton, Ind., 1 ram from flock of P. D. Douglass; to E. D. Long, Harper, Pleasant Lake, 1 ram from flock of A. H. Sperry; to J. Crampton, Pleasant Lake, 1 ram from flock of L. W. Peet; to E. M. Goli, Butler, 1 ram from flock of A. H. Hubbard; to John Lee, Waterloo, Ind., 1 ram from flock of H. Robbins; to E. D. Long, Waterloo, 1 ewe from flock of E. Searl; to David Maxwell, Butler, 1 ram from flock of J. S. Wing; to Frank Fick, Hamilton, 1 ram from flock of P. D. Douglass.
 Chubbino & Williamson, Middlebury, to Daggs Bros. & Co., Winslow, Vt., 31 sheep from flock of J. Randall, 7 from that of J. S. Willmarth & Son, 6 from that of J. A. Wright, 3 from their own flock, 1 from that of O. Rich, 4 from that of R. R. Shedd, 1 from that of B. Vaughan, 1 from that of J. S. Smith, 1 from that of H. M. Perry, 1 from that of W. B. Porter, 1 from that of S. W. Jewett, 1 from that of P. Jewett, 1 from that of F. G. Wright, 1 from that of J. S. E. Hemenway, 1 from that of I. G. Wooster, 2 from that of G. H. Lane, 1 from that of E. S. Hammond and 5 from that of R. Lane.
 E. Barum, Shoreham, to J. S. Buck and T. Gordon, Cardington, O., 8 ewes.
 H. M. Powers, Shoreham, to J. S. Buck and T. Buck, Cardington, 13 sheep.
 C. C. Forbes, Middlebury, to L. E. Moore, 1 ewe and 2 rams.
 S. J. Northrup, to T. J. Conklin, Dundee, N. Y., 8 rams.
 B. B. Trottingham, Shoreham, to T. J. Conklin, 11 rams.
 C. C. Forbes, Shoreham, to T. J. Conklin, 9 rams; to S. W. Ward, Shoreham, 31 rams.
 Joel Randall, Middlebury, to Chubbino & Williamson, Middlebury, 31 rams.
 J. F. Prindle, Williamstown, Mass., to C. D. & C. Kenyon, White Creek, N. Y., 2 rams.
 J. T. & W. Rich, to T. J. Conklin, 6 ewes and 7 rams; to E. S. Hammond, Reading, 5 ewes; to S. D. Wells, Orwell, to Jno. Pow, Salem, 1 ewe and 2 rams.
 E. G. Farnham, West Cornwall, to E. R. Shedd, Brownville, 2 ewes from flock of W. S. Delano and 1 from that of C. N. Mosley; to D. E. Barnham, Reading, 1 ewe from flock of W. S. Delano, and 1 from that of A. H. Sperry.
 Giddings & Dally, Centerburg, O., to Kirk McClain, Mt. Union, O., 1 ewe from flock of A. & O. B. Davis.
 S. I. Spaulding, Middlebury, to Chubbino & Williamson, Middlebury, 7 rams from flock of J. S. Willmarth & Son.
 U. D. Twitchell, Middlebury, to J. W. Abernethy, Cornwall, 1 ewe from flock of D. T. Holden; to L. L. Ellis, Middlebury, 1 ewe from flock of J. Hinds; to A. M. Williamson, Middlebury, 1 ewe from flock of J. Hinds; to L. J. Samson, Middlebury, 1 ewe.
 Chubbino & Williamson, Middlebury, to Davy Jones, 6 ewes from their own flock, and 1 from that of I. G. Wooster.

The small-pox is raging at Shiloh, Ky., and all the stores are closed and business of every character is suspended. The disease broke out months ago, and whole families are stricken down and the people are demoralized, fleeing from the neighborhood, leaving their homes and friends who have the disease. Several physicians have died, and those living have no power over the fatality of the disease.

Keeping Roots in Winter.

A Vermont correspondent of the Country Gentleman gives his experience in this matter as follows:
 I have, for several years, raised mangolds, sugar beets and various other kinds of roots for stock-feeding and for other purposes, and have stored them in various ways. I formerly believed in the ventilation theories, but I found by practical experience that any root keeps better when stored as nearly in the condition in which it grew as possible—that is, buried in moist earth. The next best place is in a damp, cool pit or cellar. I have a root cellar, walled up on three sides, and not on the fourth, except down to the "pan." Below that it is sloped so as to stand without shelving off. The bottom of the cellar is a gradual slope, so as to run off all water. Almost throughout the year water oozes in through the bank and runs across the cellar to the lowest point, where it enters a "sub-earth duct," not of the patented kind, however, and flows away. Into this cellar, on the bank side, our roots are dumped, a guard being placed below to keep them from rolling too far. There is neither floor nor bin, but they are left banked up against the damp earth as they go into the cellar. No ventilation is ever given the cellar, except what it gets from the holes under the sills—which are quite down to a level with the surrounding ground—and the drain, a common four-inch drain, five or six rods long. When cold weather becomes regular, the whole is closed up with a light banking of earth, which reaches an inch or two above the bottom of the sills. Sometimes the frost gets in around the sides, and on one or two occasions we have had some of the upper roots frozen a little; but beyond this I never saw a bushel of injured roots since I adopted this plan of keeping them. I fed out mangolds, sugar beets, carrots and swedes as late as midsummer this year that were in as perfect condition as on the day they were put in. We had turnip beets out of this cellar on our table this summer, after the new crop had been in use a month, that were better than the new ones except for greens. I fed out parsnips as late as June, that were dug last fall for winter use, which were apparently as sound and crisp as when put in. The strap leaf turnip, the most difficult of all roots to keep in a cellar, because it grows at a temperature a little above freezing, keeps here until well into the spring. I have never tried the experiment of keeping potatoes on the cellar bottom, but I believe it would be a great improvement on keeping them in ventilated bins. I sold potatoes out of a bin in the centre of this cellar last August, that were as solid and unwholesome as when they were put in eleven months before. I confess I was astonished myself at their splendid condition. No light was admitted to the cellar during the summer. Openings were made on three sides, just large enough to permit a free circulation of air.

Dairymen's Meeting.

As heretofore announced, the fourteenth annual winter meeting of the Vermont Dairymen's association will be held in Burlington, in city hall, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, January 17, 18 and 19, 1893.

PROGRAMME.

Wednesday forenoon.—Opening exercises, after which Prof. A. P. Grinnell, of the medical college, will read a paper on "Milk in health and disease."
 Afternoon.—"Barb wire, and the fence question in the dairy," H. M. Smith, Esq., Worcester, Mass.
 "Fertilizers," A. W. Cheever, of the New England Farmer.
 Evening.—A paper by Dr. H. A. Cutting, of Lunenburg, secretary of the State board of agriculture. Poem by Mrs. Laura Brigham Boyce.
 Thursday forenoon.—Business meeting at 9 o'clock. G. W. Simpson, Esq., of the firm of Simpson, McIntyre & Co., of Boston, and ex-president of the Boston Produce exchange, will speak on creameries.
 Austin Belknap, Esq., of Belknap & Boynton, Boston, ex-president of the Boston Produce exchange, and president of the Butter, Cheese and Egg association, will tell about marketing butter. Mr. Belknap has had many years' experience in handling butter, and his suggestions cannot fail to be most valuable and practical in character.
 Afternoon.—The afternoon will be given to the consideration of the question of ensilage, and for this the leaders in the discussion will be ex-Gov. J. Gregory Smith and J. W. Wolcott, Esq., of the Hotel Vendome, Boston. Gov. Smith is largely interested in ensilage, and Mr. Wolcott, who is reclaiming a worn-out 400-acre Massachusetts farm, has for three years kept about one hundred head of cattle on ensilage a great share of the time.
 Evening.—Geo. G. Smith, Esq., Berthier en haut, P. Q., will give "A talk about Germany."
 Friday forenoon.—Address by Rev. M. H. Buckham, President of University of Vermont and State Agricultural College, subject not announced, after which other matters will be presented till the meeting adjourns.
 The Van Ness and American hotels will charge but \$1.50 per day; the Central, Passumpsic, Mississippi, Burlington and Lamolite and Wells River railroads and probably the others will grant free return checks to those attending the meetings and paying full fare one way.

Agricultural Conventions at Washington.

In pursuance of the policy so wisely inaugurated last winter by Dr. Loring, Commissioner of Agriculture, that gentleman has arranged a very attractive programme for a series of meetings to be held in January. Commencing Tuesday, the 23d, two days will be devoted to the work of agricultural colleges and societies and the general principles of farming; Thursday and Friday, the 25th and 26th, will be devoted to the animal industries of the country; and Monday, the 29th, the cotton industry will be taken up. The topics suggested for the animal industry branch of the meeting are as follows:
 1st. The breed, shape, size and temper of the horse best adapted to the United States.
 2d. The breeding and feeding of beef, and the supply of the market therewith.
 3d. Sheep best adapted to American agriculture, and the profit of wool-growing in various sections of the country.
 4th. Swine best adapted to Western farms and the market.
 5th. The question of an American representative to the International exhibition of animals at Hamburg in July, 1893, which has been referred to this department will be discussed.
 6th. The transportation of cattle to

home and foreign markets.

We hope stock breeders, and all especially concerned in this industry, will see to it that each locality is well represented. And we wish to especially impress upon the minds of those who see the importance of securing legislation from Congress to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among our farm stock that this will be a proper time and occasion for making their voices heard in Washington. By all means let us have a large attendance.—[Breder's Gazette.]

FEEDING HORSES.—The National Live Stock Journal says: "It is not good policy to put on more flesh than it does to keep it on. Flesh that becomes hardened by exercise will be kept up with less food, under the same work, than it took to put it on. From fifteen to thirty pounds of food will about supply the daily consumption of horses, large and small. The English cavalry horses are fed ten quarters of oats and twelve pounds of hay three times a day. The American cavalry horses have had the English ration increased to thirteen or fourteen quarters of oats and an equal amount of hay three times a day. The hunter, in the season, is allowed from sixteen to eighteen quarters of oats and about eight pounds of hay, fed five times a day. The race horse is allowed from eighteen to twenty quarters of oats per day and nearly as much hay as the hunter, being usually fed five times a day."

Winter Pruning.

The winter season is a very important one in the management of fruit trees. Pruning is especially important. Some believe that if the foundation of a tree be properly laid in youth, there will be no necessity to prune an adult tree. This does not accord with the winter's experience. An intelligent examination, both with the saw and knife in hand, should be made every winter. Real, large, healthy leaves in every part of a tree is of vast importance, any these cannot be had when branches are close together, smothering one another.—[Gardner's Monthly.]

Carnival at Montreal.

Our Canadian neighbors have made extensive preparations for a winter carnival at Montreal on January 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27, which will doubtless be attended by a large number of people from the States. There will be an ice palace, to be illuminated with the electric light, and it will be "inaugurated" on the first day, after which the new toboggan hills will also be inaugurated. On the second day there will be a snow-shoe steeplechase, and in the evening a torchlight procession of the Montreal snow-shoe clubs. On the third day there will be horse trots on the ice and skating, curling and other sports, with a fancy dress carnival, at the Victoria skating rink in the evening. The fourth day's programme will be much like the third; and on the fifth the carnival will conclude with a meet of the Montreal Tanden club, and snowshoe races by the various clubs of the city, at the Montreal Lacrosse grounds.



Cures Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhea, Boils, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and all diseases originating in a bad State of the Blood, or accompanied by Debility or a low State of the System.

HEART DISEASE.

IS YOUR HEART SOUND? Many people think themselves sick and doctor for kidney or liver troubles, or dyspepsia, when the real cause is in the heart. The renowned Dr. Christian, a leading authority, says "one-third of my subjects show signs of heart disease." The heart weighs about nine ounces, and yet man's twenty-eight pounds of blood passes through it once in a minute and a-half, resting not day or night! Surely this subject should have careful attention. Dr. Graves, a celebrated physician, has prepared a specific for all heart troubles and kindred disorders. It is known as Dr. Graves' Heart Regulator, and can be obtained at your druggist, \$1. per bottle, six bottles for \$5 by express. Send stamp for Dr. Graves' thorough and exhaustive treatise. (Dr. F. K. Ingalls, Sole American Agent, Concord, N. H.)

HEART TROUBLES.



TO LIVE TO A GOOD OLD AGE, FREE FROM ALL DISEASES, USE Swayne's PILLS. THIS GREAT HEALTH RESTORER. ACT AS A HEART CORRECTOR. And by cleansing, regulating, and strengthening the organs of digestion, secretion and absorption, cure Apoplexy, Fits, Paralysis, Nervousness, Dizziness, Debility, Biliousness, Bad Breath, Jaundice, Liver and Kidney Complaint, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, Fevers, Malaria and Contagion, Fever and Ague, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Female Weakness, Urinary Disorders, and all irregularities of the Spleen, Stomach, Bladder and Bowels. Prepared by Dr. S. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Prepared at YOUR DRUGGIST FOR TRIAL. Price, 25 Cts. Five Boxes, \$1. Sent by Mail to any Address.

Temperance Column.

EDITED BY THE W. C. T. U.

Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson's Appeal to Her Countrymen.

A plea for a Prohibitory Constitutional Amendment.

My countrymen, it has been the endeavor of my life to relieve the misery and promote the happiness of humanity, and I have the satisfaction of knowing that my efforts in individual cases have not been altogether in vain. But after years of labor and no inconsiderable expenditure of means, I am appalled at the little I have been able to accomplish. The vice and suffering of mankind seem to increase rather than to grow less; and while the cause exists, efforts to effect a cure will be made in vain. It is like lopping off the leaves of a tree that we wish to destroy; they burst forth a new life every spring, and we but waste our energy and time. If we would destroy it, we must lay the axe to its root. It may require a greater effort, it may be more difficult to accomplish, but it is the only successful course to pursue. Far be it from me to discourage individual benevolence and the abundant charities of heart and purse which adorn and ennoble our civilization, and through a thousand channels appease the pangs of humanity. Let not one throb of sympathy be suppressed. Give abundantly of your love and treasure, wherever misfortune and pain and want lift their despairing wail. I would plead with you, rather, for still greater sacrifices for suffering individuals, who cry at your very door for succor. The mournful music of sorrows will not cease, and God will not hold him guiltless who passes by on the other side while a wounded brother lies groaning by the way. My object is to emphasize the necessity for a radically different system of benevolence and action, if the next generation is to become as a whole better, happier, and nobler, its conditions of life pure and higher, than its predecessor. Let us remove causes, and consequences will disappear. It would be a matter of much consolation, amid the sorrow which fills my heart when I think of the little that all my efforts have been able to accomplish to stem the tide of want and pain and crime, if I could out of my own experience direct others into the right channel for the administration of their resources and benevolence. I stand, again, when I reflect upon the wretchedness of millions of my fellow-creatures in a country which ought to be the model for the world, a flower of civilization and joy. The great end of law, of taxation and the preceptual effort of the noblest souls, is to insure conditions by which the community may realize the highest ideals of life, of progress, and civilization of which the human soul is capable. I am convinced from long observation and earnest endeavor to effect reform that rum and ignorance are cursing my countrymen and women to their ruin. These molochs are our household gods. They eat up the soul and bodies of the noblest and best of our national life; they rise in hamlets and homes; they fill the prisons, load the gallows, shroud in the maniac's cell, and gibber in the awful sounds of idiocy. Industry staggers under their load; justice is weary of penalty which never reforms and which seldom protects; crime laughs in her face. Well may it sneer at the blindness of the goddess. Let us remove the bandage from her eyes, that she may see where to strike. Let her snite rum and ignorance, and her courts will become cathedrals and her prison-houses will disappear from the face of the earth. You cannot know how great an effort it has cost me to put forth this public appeal, but, in the firm belief that my life was intended to be given without reservation to promote the good of my fellow-beings, I cannot dare not remain silent, if any word of mine indicate escape from national danger and calamity. The American nation is threatened with destruction through ignorance and the effect of alcoholic intemperance. These causes of ruin must be removed by the enactment and enforcement of national law. Society must combine and by public law, the inexorable enforcement of its penalty crush out the evils that curse it. States and sections are not responsible for, and they never will protect, the national happiness and life. Of this I am sure; alas, too sure. Thus convinced, I have sought for the embodiment of my views in practical form. I realize how indispensable to the success of any great cause requiring the united action of the people is the formal enunciation of the remedial idea into a tangible measure, in support of which public efforts can be concentrated. I believe that the amendment proposed to the national constitution for the prohibition of the manufacture, sale, importation, exportation and transportation of alcoholic liquors in the United States, and the purpose temporary national aid to common schools by Senate bill No. 151, both now pending in the Congress of the nation, well calculated to remove the evils of intemperance and ignorance. I cordially approve them, and earnestly wish I could aid in procuring their enactment or measures of a like character, and shall endeavor to put forth whatever of energy and influence God has given me to the consummation of that end.

If you are a lawyer, I beg of you that you will give your thought and effort to the eradication of those twin causes of vice and crime. You administer the law, and you are responsible for the law which you administer. The people confide the creation and enforcement of their laws, which are their civil life, to your noble profession. I pray you to consider your responsibility. No measure can become a law which the legal profession as a unit condemns. Listen to the cry of our suffering countrymen. Help us in our distress. Do not betray the trust we have placed in your hands. If these measures are objectionable, rest not until better ones are enacted into national laws. I you are a statesman, if you are instructed by the people with official power, I have a right to, and oh, how solemnly I demand, your attention to these great things which be for the nation's peace. Above all, I appeal to you, educators, the teachers of the people, to you who train the ever-rising generation, that with your three hundred thousand voices and your hearts full of love, and your minds disciplined to educate, convince, and persuade, that you rest not neither day nor night until public opinion shall respond in every school district of this broad land and the ballot of every voter is a verdict for temperance and educational reform.

Mrs. ELIZABETH THOMPSON.

Oh, My Back!

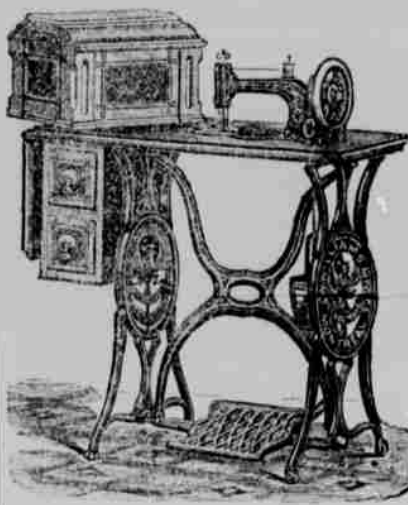
That's a common expression and has a world of meaning. How much suffering is summed up in it.

The singular thing about it is, that pain in the back is occasioned by so many things. May be caused by kidney disease, liver complaint, consumption, cold, rheumatism, dyspepsia, overwork, nervous debility, &c.

Whatever the cause, don't neglect it. Something is wrong and needs prompt attention. No medicine has yet been discovered that will so quickly and surely cure such diseases as Brown's Iron Bitters, and it does this by commencing at the foundation, and making the blood pure and rich.

Logansport, Ind. Dec. 3, 1892.
 For a long time I have been a sufferer from stomach and kidney disease. My appetite was very poor and the very small amount I did eat disagreed with me. I was annoyed very much from non-retention of urine. I tried many remedies with no success, until I used Brown's Iron Bitters. Since I used that my stomach does not bother me any. My appetite is simply immense. My kidney trouble is no more, and my general health is such, that I feel like a new man. After the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for one month, I have gained twenty pounds in weight.
 O. E. SARGENT.

Leading physicians and clergymen use and recommend BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It has cured others suffering as you are, and it will cure you.



THE GENUINE WILLIAMS' SEWING MACHINES ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

They have received highest Awards at the Centennial and at all other leading Exhibitions held in Europe and America.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED BY THE MAKERS.

Factories located at Montreal, Canada, and Plattburgh, New York.

THE WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., 347 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

DOWN'S' ELIXIR.
N. H. DOWN'S'
 Vegetable Balsamic
ELIXIR
 This valuable medicine is purely vegetable; the discovery of which was the result of many years' close study, in order to discover the cause, the symptoms, and the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Bronchitis, and every species of oppression of the Chest and Lungs. In all cases where this Elixir has been duly administered its efficacy has been invariably manifested, convincing the most incredulous that

CONSUMPTION
 is not incurable, if properly attended to. Consumption, at its commencement, is but a slight irritation of the membrane which covers the Lungs, then an inflammation, which the cough is more observable, but rather dry; then becomes local fever and the pulse more frequent, the cheeks flushed and chills more common. This Elixir in curing the above complaints, operates so as to remove all morbid irritations and inflammation from the Lungs to the surface, and finally expel them from the system. It facilitates expectoration, and it heals the ulcerated surfaces, and relieves the cough and makes the breathing easy. It supports the strength and at the same time reduces the fever. It is free from strong odors and acridities, and gives no drying nature as to being greater danger of destroying the patient, whereas this medicine never dries or stops the cough, but, by removing the cause, gradually destroys the hectic before the cough is entirely gone. Consequently, when the cough is cured the patient is cured, and the system is restored to its normal condition. Full directions for cure of pulmonary diseases. Price 50 cts. per bottle, and \$1.00 per bottle. SEND EVERYWHERE.
 HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.
DOWN'S' ELIXIR.

A BOOK FOR NOTHING.

Retail Price List. Assortment of Pure Old Wine, Madeira, Port, Cognac, Brandy, Whisky, &c. &c. Old Bourbon Whisky a specialty. Enclose stamp, make selection, and order largest or smallest quantity. C. A. RICHARDS & CO., 35 Central St., Boston, Mass.

Wintry Blasts

WINTRY BLASTS BRING

COUGHS
 COLDS
 CONSUMPTION
 BRONCHITIS
 RHEUMATISM
 NEURALGIA

Perry Davis' Pain Killer

CURES
 COUGHS
 COLDS
 CONSUMPTION
 BRONCHITIS
 RHEUMATISM
 NEURALGIA

Provide against the evil effects of Wintry Blasts by procuring PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER. EVERY GOOD DRUGGIST KEEPS IT.



DR. N. G. WHITE'S PULMONARY ELIXIR FOR Coughs, Colds, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, And other Lung Affections.

The astonishing success of this Elixir, and its unparalleled sale, are sufficient evidence of its superiority over all other remedies of the kind, for Lung and Throat Affection.

There is no excuse for suffering from

and a thousand other diseases that owe their origin to a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, and inaction of the Digestive Organs, when the use of

DR. HENRY BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS

Will give immediate relief, and in a short time effect a permanent cure. After constipation follows Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being tonic and mildly purgative they PURIFY THE BLOOD by expelling all Morbid Secretions. Price 25 cts. per bottle. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet free giving full directions. HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.



WILL CERTAINLY CURE Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!



DR. J. B. MARCHISI, DISCOVERER OF DR. MARCHISI'S CATHOLICON, A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
 This remedy will act in harmony with the female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition. Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhoea, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Pains, Suppression and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Nervousness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address above. For sale by all druggists. New size \$1 per bottle, Old size \$1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.

Sold by R. Burchard, Agt., Middlebury